

## Motions

<b>Motion number</b>	12
<b>Name of the person introducing the Motion to the GA</b>	Adrià Guevara
<b>Member party</b>	ESQUERRA REPUBLICANA DE CATALUNYA
<b>Title (of the Motion)</b>	A STRATEGIC EUROPE: SOVEREIGN, SOCIALLY JUST AND GREEN
<p>The world is facing a complex global context marked by a rise in armed conflicts and growing militarism over international cooperation. This trend is largely driven by the far-right gaining power in several countries, from Meloni's protectionist policies to Putin's authoritarianism and Trump's return to the US presidency. The new American leadership is focused on countering China's military rise and has deprioritized support for the EU's security architecture, leaving Europe vulnerable, especially after Russia's illegal aggression against Ukraine, which has challenged European security and international law. In response, many European leaders are considering not only sending troops to Ukraine but also significantly increasing military spending, with some even discussing the return of mandatory military service for young people.</p> <p>For all these reasons, the European Free Alliance:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reaffirms its commitment to pacifism and opposes increased military spending. While acknowledging the European discourse on boosting defense budgets, it insists this should not come at the expense of social or environmental policies. Instead, it calls for EU-coordinated spending focused on efficiency and interoperability, financed through exceptional measures like common EU debt and new fair and green taxes.</li> <li>2. Demands that any extraordinary EU-funded military expenditure be subject to European Parliament oversight to ensure it serves Europe's interests, not those of external actors. It opposes loosening the Stability and Growth Pact rules for member states, warning it could lead to fragmented defense strategies and continued reliance on US arms.</li> <li>3. Defends a human security approach, emphasizing diplomacy, conflict prevention, mediation, and peacebuilding as the core of EU security policy.</li> <li>4. Calls for stronger EU cooperation in foreign, security, and defense policy through shared capabilities and interoperable structures. This would enhance efficiency, allow Europe to be more self-reliant, and reduce dependence on NATO and the US, enabling Europe to take control of its own security.</li> <li>5. Prioritizes European industrial, technological, and energy sovereignty, especially through strategic enterprises and green energy investment. This would reduce dependence on fossil fuels and foreign powers like Russia in the face of the current security crisis.</li> </ol>	